

**RTTY/CW TX TERMINAL for :
IC756 (all series), IC7400, IC746, IC7000
(PC not required)**

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IC-756, IC-7400, IC746 IC-7000 and Elecraft K3 have a built in RTTY decoder but RTTY transmission is very hard because Keyboard isn't supplied. A USB or PS2 keyboard can be used, preferably a USA Kbd.

This interface can be used to add a standard PC Keyboard to some ICOM TRX.

Also CW transmission can be performed so, for this use can be used as CW keyboard with all commercial or home-made TRX .

Ideal for portable operation because PC isn't required

F1-F10 can be user programmable Key with standardized message

Only one example:

F1 is memorized with : cq cq de i0cg, F2 with: pse K → (note that "→" is the cursor right Key that perform RX return)

To do a RTTY call :

when I press: F1, F1, F1, F2 consecutively

The TRX transmit the following text:

cq cq cq de i0cg

cq cq cq de i0cg

cq cq cq de i0cg

pse k →

memory messages transmission can be stopped before message end in this mode:

when rtty mode is selected:

switch CW/RTTY key one second in CW then switch again in RTTY

when CW mode is selected:

switch CW/RTTY key one second in RTTY then switch again in CW

The "→" key can be used inside memory message o directly for the Keyboard to switch TRX in RX mode.

Transmission is performed automatically when any Key has pressed

The F11 is a dedicated memory that allow an automatic counter for contest . Any time I press F11 TRX transmit three numbers automatically incremented (Ie: 001, 002, 003). I can overwrite this # to modify the first numbers transmitted. This counter can be used in RTTY or CW too.

F12 transmit IOCG logo and SW version used. Can be voluntarily transmitted

The others functions F3- F10 key can be programmed as desiderata with Name QTH and so on.

Programming is very fast because it is necessary only press the ESC + function n Key to save any test (max 64 Chr. For any key).

Text is memorized on no volatile memory so isn't lost if keyboard is switched off.

CW USE NOTE:

To perform CW mode it is necessary to connect to GND pin 15 of PIC also a 10k pull-up to +5V is necessary

- 1) If TRX is in "FULL BREAK-IN, CW transmission of any KEY pressed is automatic.
- 2) Side-tone of CW transmission can be listen on the interface frontal loudspeaker; so, this interface, can be also used for CW RX training.
- 3) PAGE-UP and PAGE-Down key change the CW speed and is saved on no volatile memory so isn't lost if keyboard is switched off.

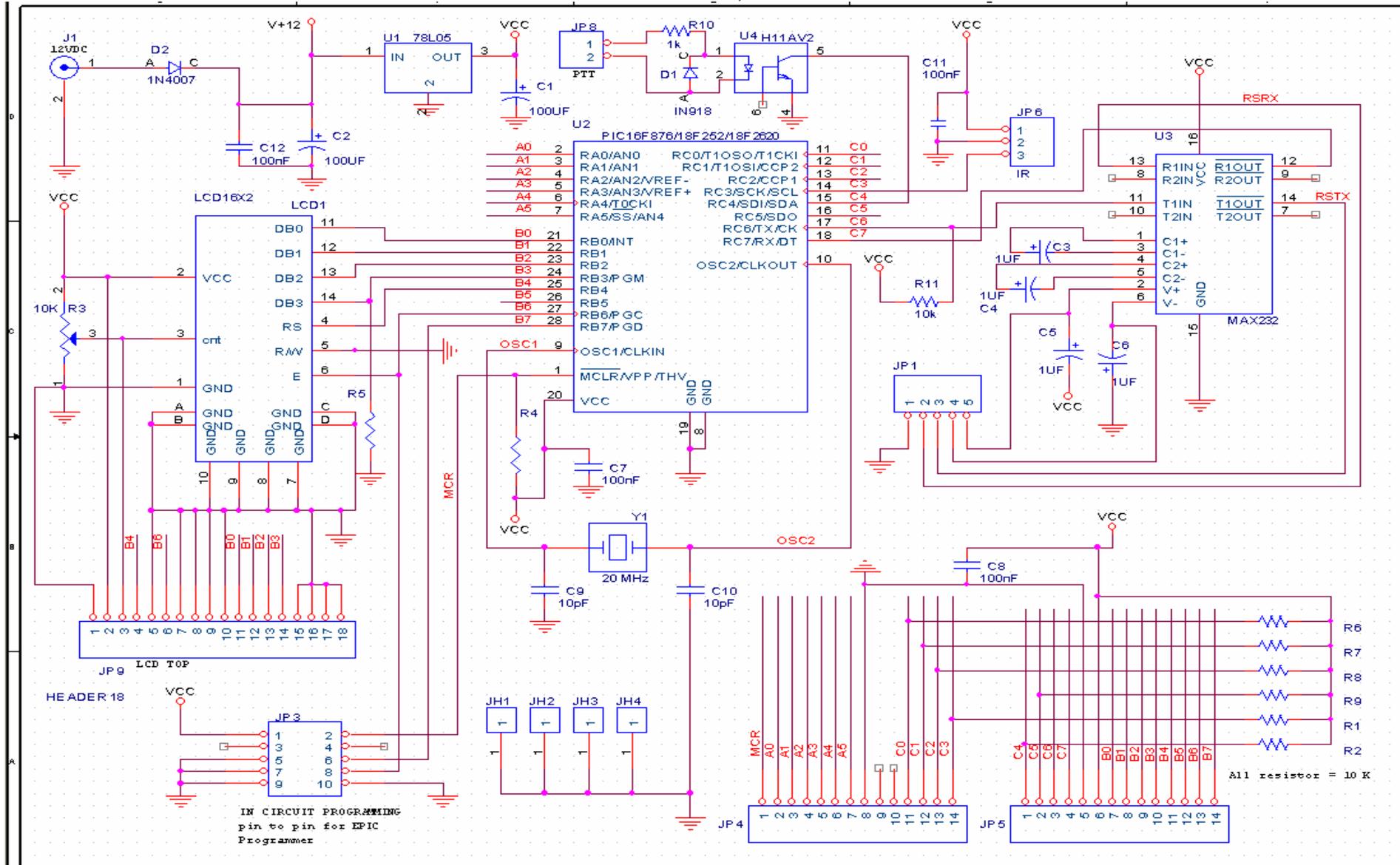
Some special CHR used on CW only:

- 1) **push first Caps-lock and then A : transmitted AR ,without letter space (message Ends)**
- 2).....**then V: transmitted VE ,without letter space**
- 3).....**then S: transmitted SK ,without letter space**
- 4).....**then K: transmitted KN ,without letter space**
- 5).....**then B: transmitted BK ,without letterspace**
- 6).....**then W: transmit AS ,without letter space (wait)**

Some special Chr or punctuation:

- 1) **press Backspace: transmitted error**
- 2) **push first Caps-lock and then @: trasmitted @ (di dah dah di dah di)**
- 3) **push first Caps-lock and then / : transmitted ?**

**PIC board schematic (IOCG PCB code:
080108)**



For RTTY use, many components on the PCB are not necessary : Quartz Y1, U3, U4 etc..

What is available from me:

1. .exe code can be downloaded freely from my web page www.i0cg.com (see also the minimum rtty schematics if you are able to homemade yourself the circuit)
2. e-mail me to obtain a programmed PIC (PIC18F2620) if you aren't able to program this device
3. PCB : code IOCG080108
4. The PIC board assembled and tested with LCD display all connectors to connect the TRX, switches and PS2 or USB keyboard adapter (BOX and Keyboard are not supplied)

I like if, anybody use this interface, let me know

Future implementations:

- 1)Any valid user suggestions
- 2)SD memory stick to transport Contest log on PC
- 3)CW demodulation (at 17 Sep. 08 RTTY demodulation has ready)
- 4) little ASCII terminal replacing PC (note that power requested is around 100 mw @ 12Vdc so it is ideal for portable operation).

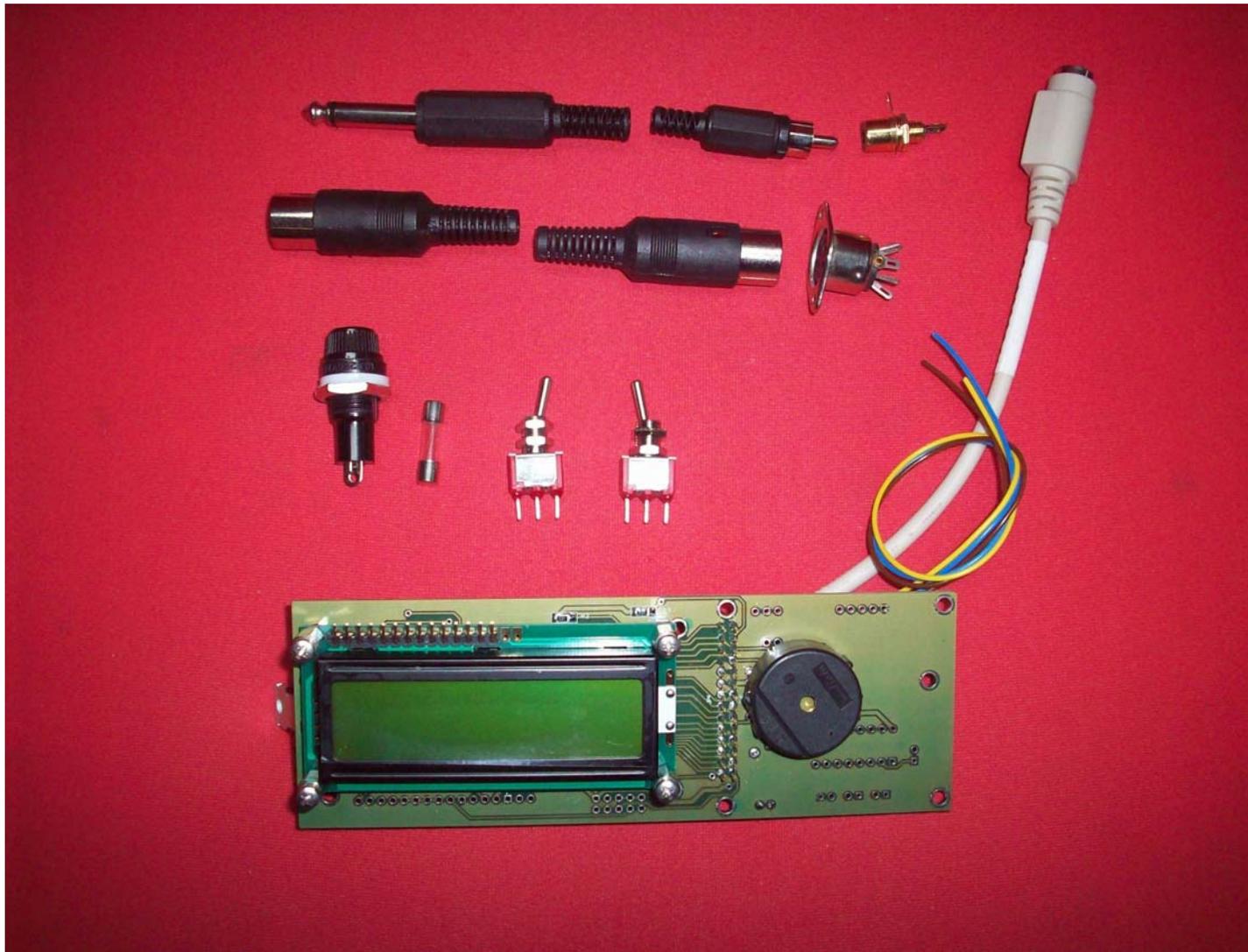
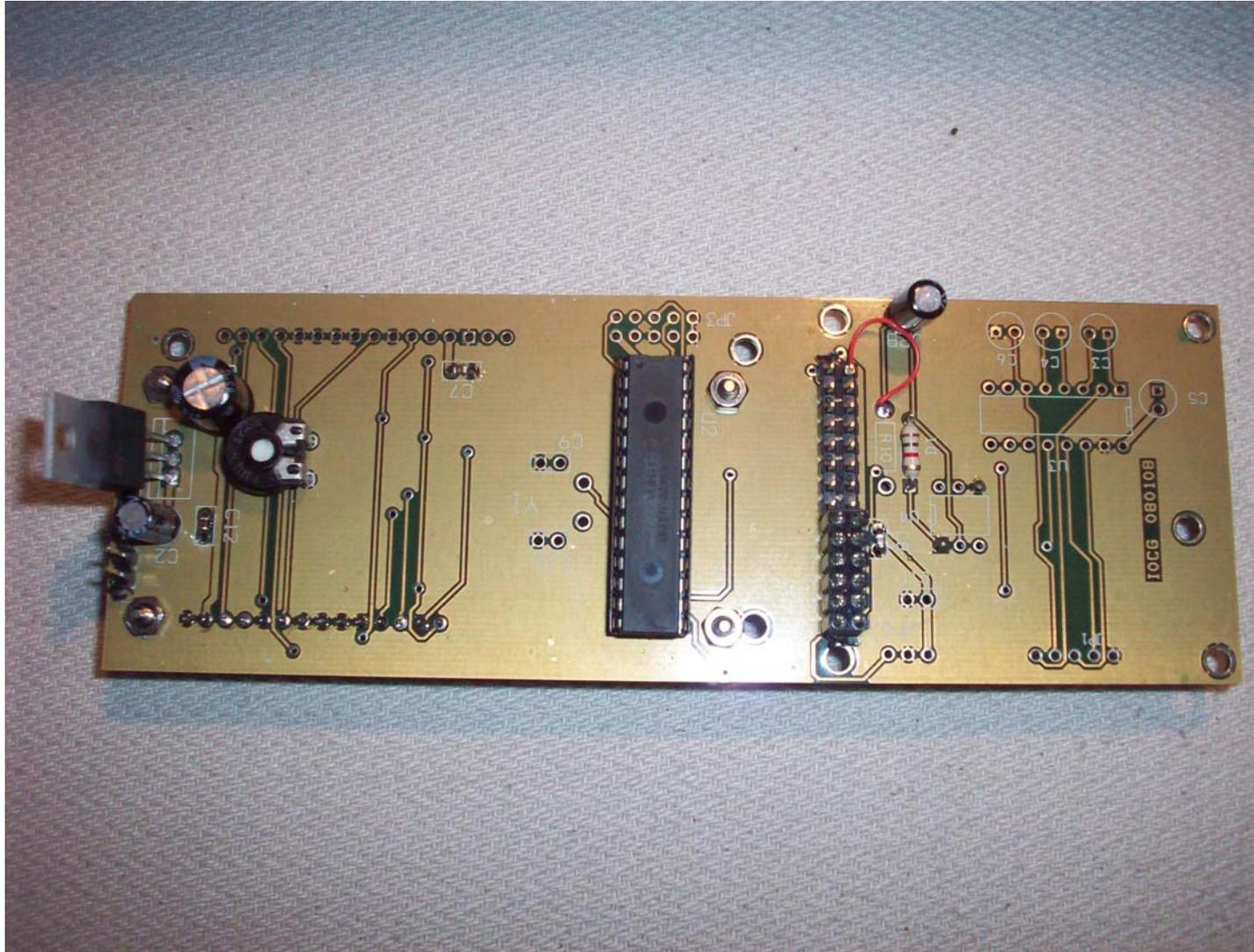
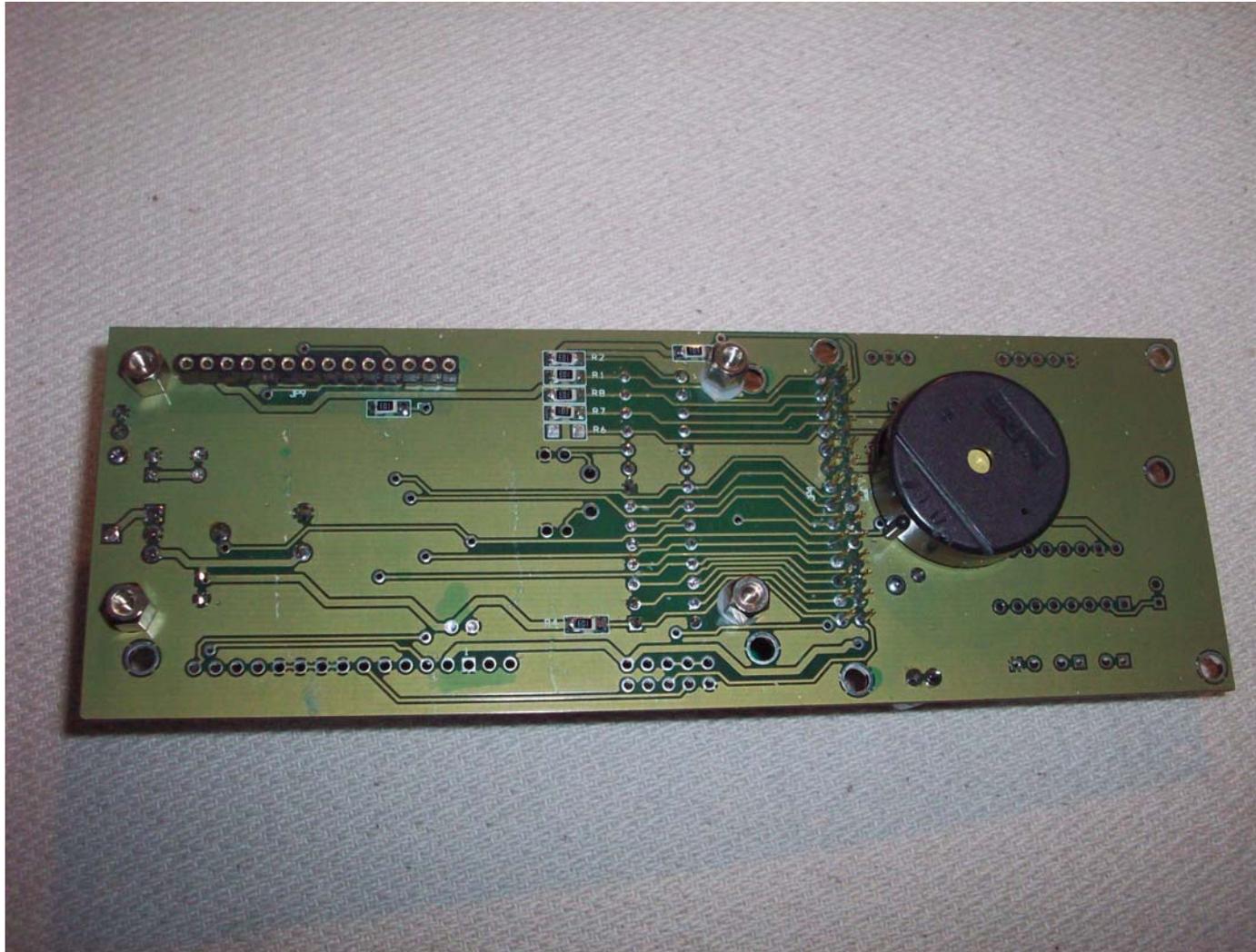


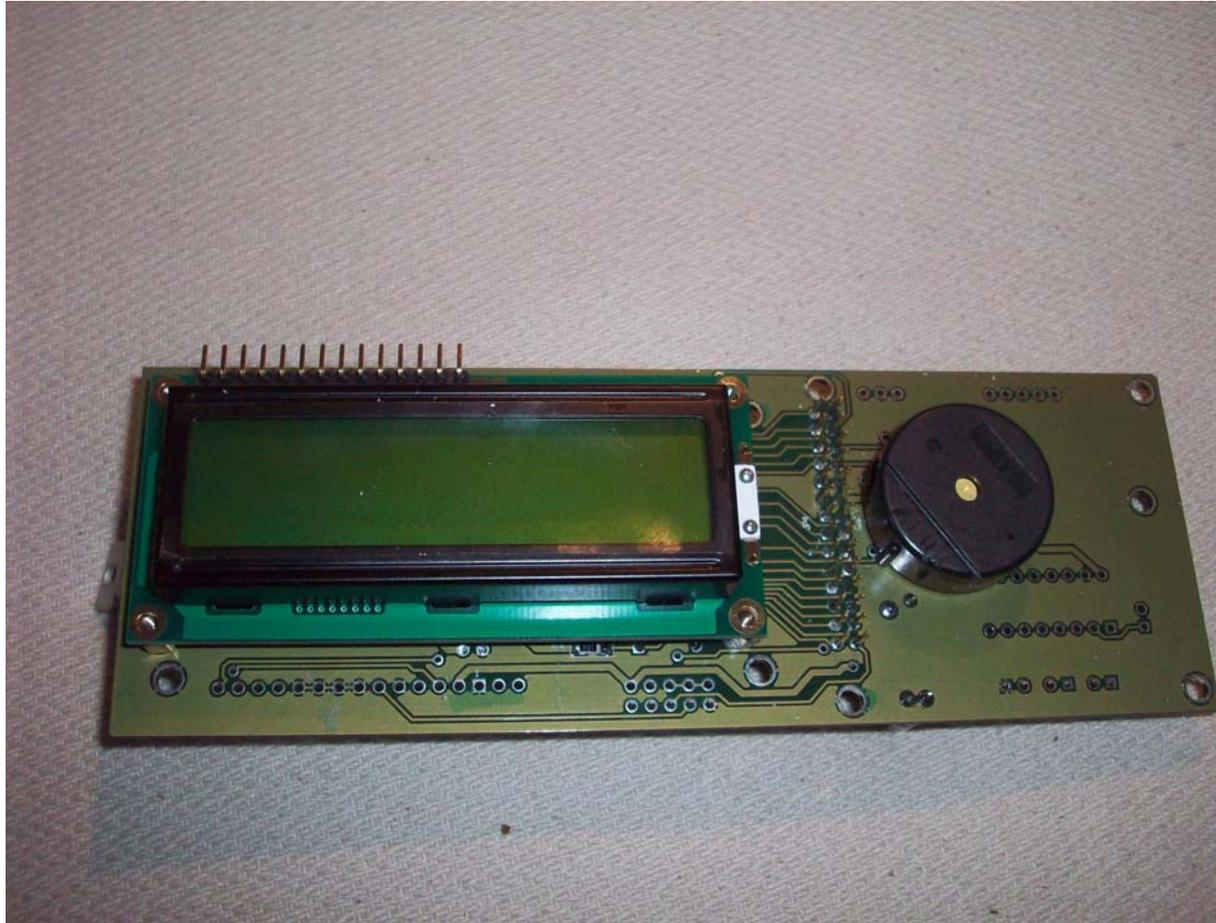
FIG 1 Full Kit with all components



Back side (components side)



Front side without LCD display (SMD resistors are preinstalled)

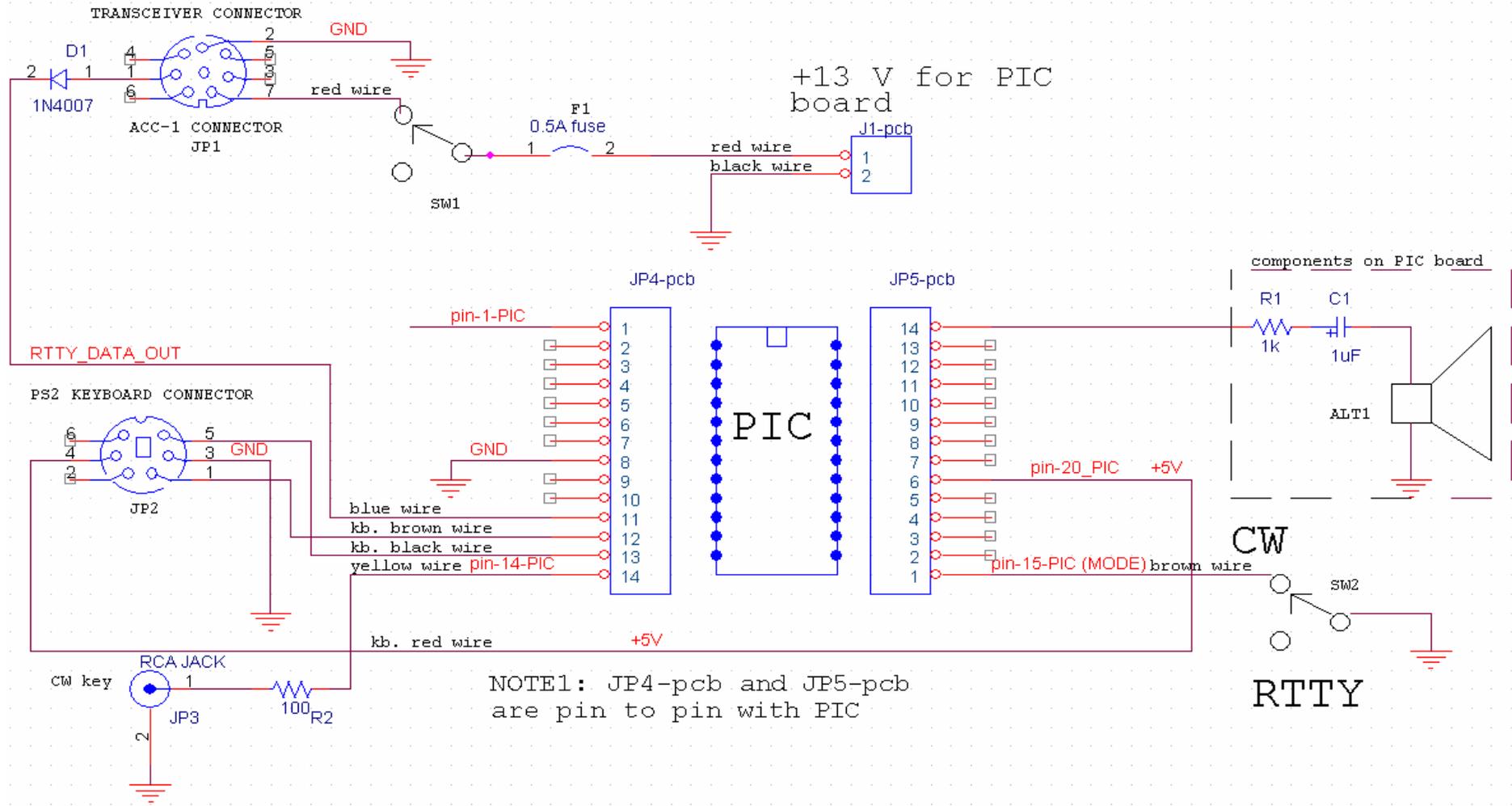


Front side with LCD display



RTTY interface inside a prototype box in use with my IC-756proIII

Box wiring with PIC controller (PCB code I0CG080108)

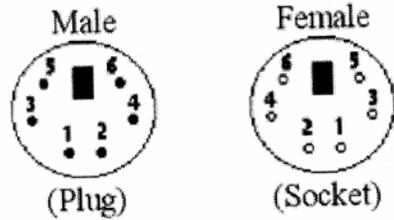


To perform automatic TX add a wire from JP1-3 to JP5-3 (PIC pin 17)

Bill of materials wired components inside Box

Reference	components	Use
Jp1	Connector 7 pin female	TRX connector for FSK and power supply
Jp2	PS2 adapter connector	Keyboard
Jp3	RCA Jack	CW key
Sw1	Power supply switch	
Sw2	Mode switch	Switch RTTY to CW mode
F1	Fuse	0.5 A

Connector for PS2 keyboard



6-pin Mini-DIN (PS/2):

- 1 - Data
- 2 - Not Implemented
- 3 - Ground
- 4 - Vcc (+5V)
- 5 - Clock
- 6 - Not Implemented

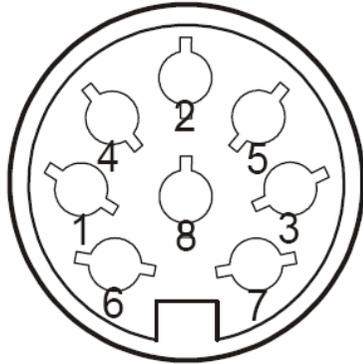
- 1=connect to PIC pin 12
- 3=connect to GND
- 4=connect to +5V
- 5=connect to PIC pin 13

Connection for USB keyboard



- 1= connect to +5V
- 2=connect to PIC pin 12
- 3=connect to PIC pin 13
- 4= connect to GND

ACC-1 CONNECTOR for ICOM transceiver IC-756, IC-7400, IC746



frontal view

PIN 1 = FSK

PIN 2= GND

PIN 7= 13.8 V

PIN 3 =PTT (Optional, to automatic TX switch)

ACC Connector of IC-7000

ACC SOCKET

ACC	PIN #	NAME	DESCRIPTION	SPECIFICATIONS	COLOR
	1	8 V	Regulated 8 V output.	Output voltage : 8 V \pm 0.3 V Output current : Less than 10 mA	brown
	2	GND	Connects to ground.	—————	red
	3	HSEND	Input/output pin (HF/50 MHz). Goes to ground when transmitting. When grounded, transmits (connected to 8V line thru 2.2 k Ω resistance/144 MHz operation)	Ground level : -0.5 V to 0.8 V Input current : Less than 20 mA (HF/50 MHz bands)	orange
	4	BDT	Data line for the optional AT-180.	—————	yellow
	5	BAND	Band voltage output. (Varies with amateur band)	Output voltage : 0 to 8.0 V	green
	6	ALC	ALC voltage input.	Control voltage : -4 to 0 V Input impedance : More than 10 k Ω	blue
	7	VSEND	Input/output pin (144/430 MHz) Goes to ground when transmitting When grounded, transmits (connected to 8V line thru 2.2 k Ω resistance/HF*50 MHz operation).	Ground level : -0.5 V to 0.8 V Input current : Less than 20 mA (144 MHz band)	purple
	8	13.8 V	13.8 V output when power is ON.	Output current : Max. 1 A	gray
	9	TKEY	Key line for the AT-180	—————	white
	10	FSKK	RTTY keying input. Connected in parallel to the [RTTY] jack.	Ground level : -0.5 to 0.8 V Input current : Less than 10 mA	black
	11	MOD	Modulator input.	Input impedance : 10 k Ω Input level : Approx. 100 mV rms	pink
	12	AF	AF detector output. Fixed, regardless of [AF] position.	Output impedance : 4.7 k Ω Output level : 100 to 350 mV rms	light blue
	13	SQLS	Squelch output. Goes to ground when squelch opens	SQL open : Less than 0.3 V/5 mA SQL closed : More than 6.0 V/100 μ A	light green



Rear panel view

Cable for connections with IC-756 or IC-7400 / IC-746

Materials:

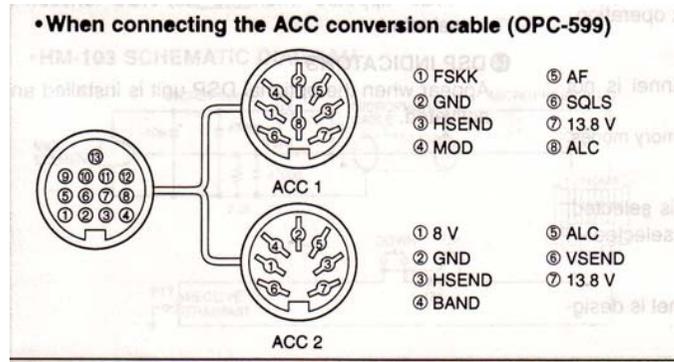
2 connectors 7 pin or 8 Pin for AUX-1 (only three pins used)

0.5 m cable with four wire

Interface side	Transceiver side	signal
1	1	FSK
2	2	GND
7	7	13.8V
3	3	PTT (Optional, to automatic TX switch)

Cable for connections with IC-7000

If conversion cable type OPC-599 is used, cable is the same as IC-756 or IC-7400 / IC-746.



OP5-599 CONVERSION CABLE

Cable with 13 pins ACC connector supplied with IC-7000

Materials:

connector 7 pins

#1 connector 13 pins supplied with IC-7000

0.5 m cable with four wire

Interface side	Transceiver side (13 pin connector)	Wire color	signal
1	10	black	FSK
2	2	red	GND
7	8	gray	13.8V
3	3		PTT

Cable for CW for IC-756, IC-7400, IC-746, IC-7000

Materials:

#1 RCA male connector

#1 Jack mono 6 mm

0.5 m shield cable

cable connected pin to pin

Some photo of my prototype:

